

Key People

Yuri Andropov
Leonid Brezhnev
Konstantine Chernenko
Alexander Dubcek
Mikhail Gorbachev
Aleksandr Kerensky
Nikita Khrushchev
Nicholas II
Josef Stalin
Leon Trotsky
Vladimir Ulyanov (aka Lenin)

Key Terms

Bolsheviks
Brezhnev Doctrine
Communist Party // Communism
Five-Year Plans
General Secretary
glasnost
Great Purges
Mensheviks
perestroika
Premier // Prime Minister
Provisional Government
Red Army
Sinatra Doctrine
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
uskoreniye

Key Events

Russian Revolution - 1917
February Revolution
October Revolution
Treaty of Brest-Litovsk - March 1918
Russian Civil War - 1918-20
Lenin dies - 1924
Nazi-Soviet Non-Aggression Pact - 1938
Germans invade USSR - 1941
Stalin dies - 1953
Secret Speech - 23 Feb 1956
Kitchen Debates - 1959
Berlin Wall - 1951
Warsaw Pact - 1955
Hungarian Uprising - 1956
Sputnik launched - 1957
Czech Uprising - 1968
Ussuri River skirmishes - 1969
SALT - 1972
Helsinki Final Act - 1975
SALT II - 1979
USSR invades Afghanistan - 1979
INF - 1987
USSR leaves Afghanistan - 1988/89
Revolutions of 1989
Gorbachev awarded Nobel Peace Prize - 1990
August Coup - 1991
Gorbachev resigns - 25 Dec 1991
USSR collapses - 1991/92