

Study Guide 17 – the Rise of Absolutism

People

Oliver Cromwell
Cardinal Mazarin
Catherine de' Medici
Thomas Mun (1571-1641)
Cardinal Richelieu
William & Mary (William of Orange)
William the Silent (1533-84)
John de Witt (1625-72)

Terms

absolutism
bureaucracy
common law
constitutionalism
convertible husbandry
copyhold
Court v. Country
divine right
enclosure
enlightened absolutism
Les Estates General
"first among equals"
fluit
Gallican Church
habeas corpus
Junkers
Landtage
mercantilism
monarchy

Terms cont'd

New Model Army
open-field system
Parliament
partible inheritance
price revolution
primogeniture
putting-out system
Schmalkaldic League
yeomen

Events

Malleus Maleficarum: The Hammer of Witches (1486)
Battle of Diu (1509)
Thirty Years' War (1618-1648)
Navigation Act (1651)
War of the Roses (1455-85)
Concordat of Bologna (1516)
Vindiciae contra Tyrannos (pub 1579)
Union of Utrecht (formed 1579)
Defeat of the Spanish Armada (1588)
Edict of Nantes (1598)
Thirty Years' War (1618-48)
English Revolution of 1640 (1640-60)
Treaty (Peace) of Westphalia (1648)
Execution of Charles I (1649)
Glorious Revolution (1688-9)
Bill of Rights (1689)
Treaty of Karlowitz (1699)
War of Spanish Succession (1701-?)

Royal Families of Europe

Hapsburg (Spain, Austria, HRE) – Charles 5, Philip 2, Catherine of Aragon

Prussia – *Hohenzollern* – Frederick William, Frederick 1, Frederick William 1, Frederick the Great

England – *Tudor* – Henry 7 (1485-1509), Henry 8 (1509-47), Edward 6 (1547-53), Mary (1553-58), Elizabeth I (1558-1603); *Stuart* – James 1 (1603-25), Charles 1 (1625-49), Charles 2 (1660-85), James 2 (1685-88)

France – *Valois* – Charles 8 (1483-98), Francis 1 (1515-47), Henry 2 (1547-59), Henry 4 (1589-1610), Louis 13 (1610-43), Louis 14 (1643-1715)

Russia – Ivan the Terrible (1547-84); *Romanov family* – Michael Romanov (1613-), Peter the Great (1682-1725), Catherine the Great

Spain – Ferdinand & Isabella (1479-1516) (The Catholic Kings), Charles 5 (Sp 1516-56, HRE 1519-56), Philip 2 (1556-98)